

P019. HOUSEHOLDS BY PRESENCE OF PEOPLE 60 YEARS AND OVER, HOUSEHOLD SIZE

AND HOUSEHOLD TYPE - Universe: HOUSEHOLDS

Data Set: 2003 American Community Survey Summary Tables

Survey: American Community Survey

NOTE. Data are limited to the household population and exclude the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology

« hide upper and lower bounds

| | Alaska | | |
|---|----------|-------------|-------------|
| | Estimate | Lower Bound | Upper Bound |
| Total: | 229,408 | 225,422 | 233,394 |
| Households with one or more people 60 years and over: | 44,598 | 42,830 | 46,366 |
| 1-person household | 15,058 | 13,521 | 16,595 |
| 2 or more person household: | 29,540 | 27,460 | 31,620 |
| Family households | 27,559 | 25,578 | 29,540 |
| Nonfamily households | 1,981 | 1,515 | 2,447 |
| Households with no people 60 years and over: | 184,810 | 181,093 | 188,527 |
| 1-person household | 42,594 | 38,998 | 46,190 |
| 2 or more person household: | 142,216 | 137,213 | 147,219 |
| Family households | 128,894 | 124,186 | 133,602 |
| Nonfamily households | 13,322 | 12,026 | 14,618 |

Notes

The 2003 American Community Survey universe is limited to the household population and excludes the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate is represented through the use of a confidence interval. The confidence interval computed here is a 90 percent confidence interval and can be interpreted roughly as providing 90 percent certainty that the true number falls between the lower and upper bounds.

The number of householders does not necessarily equal the number of households because of differences in the weighting schemes for the population and occupied housing units.

- 1. An '*' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the lower and upper bounds. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '**' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that no sample observations were available to compute a standard

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 3. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that no sample observations were available to compute an estimate.
 4. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
 5. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
 6. An '***' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 7. An '***** entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test is not appropriate.